Reference No:

Revision History:

Name	Change Date	Version	Description of Changes
Tafseer Ahmed	6th Oct, 04	4.0.0.1	Created

POS ID: UPOS118

Part of Speech Name: wala

Part of Speech String: wala

Lexical Entry Template:
<word>: wala, ^ PRED= '<logical form of word>and Subcategorization Frame', ^ NUM ={SG,PL}, ^ GEND = {M,F}, ^ RESPECT = {NORESPECT, FAMILIAR, USUAL, EXTRA}, ^ FORM = {NOM, OBL}.

Sample Lexical Entry:
والا: intns, ^PRED ='والا<OBJ>', ^ NUM =SG, ^ GEND = M, ^ RESPECT = NORESPECT, ^ FORM = NOM.
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Description
Wala is special part of speech that has only one word. Wala is use to make a specifier for noun.

Examples:

والا

POS Status: Under Process

Reference:

Related POS: UPOS104, UPOS105

Replaces: -

Reason: -

Replaced by: -

Reason: -

Analysis:
Wala is used in phrases to specify noun. Wala is used to show many relations. For example:

نیلی والی کتاب(The book of blue color)

تھیلے والا آدمی(The man who owns the cart)

باغ والا درخت(The tree that is present in the garden)

Another usage of wala phrase is in copular sentences. It shows future in this context. For example:

وہ آنے والا ہے۔(He is about to come)

Wala is a unique word because it does not seems like any other word of Urdu. It seems to be similar of genitive case marker 'ka', but no grammar writer consider it as a case marker. It is also seems similar to postpositions, as it follows a noun phrase, but do not have directional, locative or temporal semantics like postpositions. Historically, it is not included in the list of postpositions provided by grammar writers. It is why 'wala' is made a new POS.

Result: We agreed on above analysis.

Future Work: